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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/827,504	04/06/2001	John Tree	SONI-5800	5728		
75	90 08/25/2004	EXAM	EXAMINER			
Valley Oak Law 5655 Silver Creek Valley Road			MENGISTU	MENGISTU, AMARE		
#106	ek valley Road	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			
San Jose, CA	95138	2673	/ 1			
			DATE MAILED: 08/25/2004	4		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•		Application	on No.	plicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/827,50)4	TREE, JOHN			
		Examiner		Art Unit			
		Amare Me	-	2673			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
THE MA - Extension after SIX - If the per - If NO per - Failure to Any reply	RTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR F ILLING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT as of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicati iod for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days iod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory or reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by or received by the Office later than three months after the atent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ION. CFR 1.136(a). In no even on. s, a reply within the state period will apply and wi statute, cause the app	ent, however, may a reply to utory minimum of thirty (30 Il expire SIX (6) MONTHS lication to become ABAND	pe timely filed) days will be considered time from the mailing date of this of	ely. communication.		
Status							
1)⊠ Re	esponsive to communication(s) filed on	<u>13 July 2004</u> .					
2a)∐ Th	nis action is FINAL . 2b)⊠	This action is n	on-final.				
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition	of Claims						
4a 5)□ Cl 6)⊠ Cl 7)□ Cl	aim(s) <u>1-32</u> is/are pending in the applic) Of the above claim(s) is/are wit aim(s) is/are allowed. aim(s) <u>1-32</u> is/are rejected. aim(s) is/are objected to. aim(s) are subject to restriction a	thdrawn from col					
Application	Papers						
9) <u></u> Th∉	e specification is objected to by the Exa	aminer.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority und	ler 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
Attachment(s)							
	References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summ				
3) Informati	F Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 on Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/5 o(s)/Mail Date		Paper No(s)/Ma 5) Notice of Inform 6) Other:	ail Date nal Patent Application (PT	O-152)		

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 1. Claim20-22, 24-25 and 26-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Deguchi** (6,578,047)

As to claim 20, **Deguchi** discloses a method of receiving a data wherein said data indicates a time (col.10, lines 57 – col.11, lines 6; also see, figs.10 and 13) and said data represents content that is broadcasted at said time (col.11, lines 6-28,see, figs.10 and 13); and displaying the data (see, figs.10 and 13 "book mark"). It is obvious that the data of **Deguchi** is equivalent to applicant's data mark, since the applicant did not explicitly define the phrase "data mark" in the claim.

As to claims 21 and 22, **Deguchi**, teaches deterring and outputting the maximum number of data marks have been received (see, col.15, lines 50- col.16, lines 4) and output signals includes an audio signal and a display signal (col.16, liens 35-50).

In regard to claims 24 and 25, **Deguchi** also discloses displaying (illuminating) received data mark (col.11, lines 1-15) and the data mark includes one or more of a time and date stamp information (see, fig.10 [53], col.10, lines 66-col.11, lines 6).

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As to claim 26, **Deguchi** teaches a method of detecting a connection to a gateway device (fig.9 [S13], col. 9, lines 39-44), transmitting a stored data mark to said gateway device (see, fig.9 [S14]; see, col. 9, lines 42-44) wherein said stored data mark indicates a time (see, fig.9 [S11] and [S15]) and said stored mark represents content that is broadcasted at said time (fig.9 [S15] and [S16]; col.9, lines 39-44; 53-62); receiving data corresponding to said stored data mark and displaying said received data wherein said received data identifies said content (col.9, lines 39-52; col.10, lines 57 – col.11, lines 15).

As to claims 27-28, **Deguchi** also discloses detecting a disconnection from said gateway device (see, fig.9 [S13]) and resetting said stored data mark (fig.9 [S14]).

As to claims 29-31, **Deguchi** teaches said connection is USB cable (col.6, lines 22-24); said gateway device includes a personal computer (col.5, lines 34-35), and said received data includes one or more of text data, still image data, animated image data, and video data corresponding to said stored data mark (col.8, lines 47-51, col.10, lines 57-col.11, lines 15, also see figs. 10 and 13).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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- 3. Claim 23 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Deguchi**As to claim 21, **Deguchi** teaches determine and outputting the maximum number of data marks have been received, but has failed to disclose that the maximum number is nine. However, It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention was made to have recognize that the **Deguchi's** maximum data received could have any number (including nine) to determined the maximum of data received.
- 4. Claims 1-11,14 -16 and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **LaJoie et al** (5,850,218) in view of **Wilmore** (6,680,714).

As to claims 1 and 32, **LaJoie et al** (hereinafter **LaJoie**) teach s display unit including a plurality of windows (see, figs.14, 16) an electronic data mark device comprising: an input unit for inputting data marks wherein each said data mark indicates time and content of broadcasted (see, fig.16 [346]; [348]; [350]); said display unit is configured to receive said data marks from said input unit and correspondingly display said data makes on said plurality of windows (see, fig.16 [340]; [346]; [350]). **LaJoie has** failed to teach that the display unit has a plurality of display panels. However, **Wilmore** is cited to teach that it is well known for a display unit to have plurality of display panels/display screens positioned and housed within a display unit (Abstract; fig. 1[11], col.5, lines 26-30).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have been motivated to have substituted the plurality of windows

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of **LaJoie** with a display panels of **Wilmore**, because this will allow the user to easily view each separate presentation of the display screens.

As to claim 2, **Wilmore** also teaches a CRT and touch screen display unit (col.5, line 30; lines 46-52).

As to claim 3, **Wilmore** disclose a base mounted to say display unit for vertically supporting said display unit (see, fig.1 [11]).

In regard to claims 4-7, **Wilmore** teaches the display panels on said display unit are non-overlapping and have the same dimensions (square) with a uniform array (see, fig.1 [14]).

As to claims 8-11, **LaJoie** furthermore teaches said display unit is selectively display an indication of said received data marks on a corresponding one of the display windows (for example see, fig.16 [340] where it receives data marks in on of the windows) and indicates for receiving data marks by highlighting and illuminating (see, fig.16, [340]; [352]; [392]). The data mark also including information corresponding to a musical file (fig.519; 20A; 20B [67]; [71] "music"). It is obvious that the music file will include text and image information.

In regared to claims 14-16. **Wilmore** also teaches an output unit for coupling an external device (see, fig.1 [24]), It is inherent for **Wilmore's** device to have some sort of a port in order to be connected between the computer (fig.1 [26]) and the displays (fig.1 [11 or 16]). The external device includes a personal computer (fig. 1[26]).

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5. Claims 12-13,17-19 are rejected under U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **LaJoie** in view of **Wilmore** as applied to claims 1-11,14 -16 and 32 further in view of **Henrick** (6,507,727).

As to claims17-19, **LaJoie** as modified by **Wilmore** discloses a data mark display device and a computer external device, but did not explicitly disclose that the external device receives musical data mark and display the album, the title and the artist of the music. The patent of **Henrick** is cited to teach that it is well known for a computer to display a musical marks including the album, the title and the artist name (col.2, lines 23-40,col.4, lines24-35, col.5, lines 1-3, also see, fig.5C).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have been motivated to combine the method of displaying musical book mark on a computer with the computer system of **LaJoie** as modified by **Wilmore**, since this will allow the user to download the desired content to the computer the user will often have in his or her possession to hear the content at any desired time.

As to claims 12 and 13, **Henrick** also discloses that the input unit includes a button for television and music broadcasting (see, figs 5A-5C [504]). **Henrick** did not explicitly disclose that the button includes a spring, however; it would have been obvious to one skill in the art to recognize that the button of **Henrick** would have to have a spring or switch in order to select the information on a display.

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Response to Arguments

- 6. Applicant's arguments filed on 7/13/2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues that LaJoie fails to teach or suggest a data mark that indicates a time. However, the Examiner strongly disagrees with Applicant's assertion, because LaJoie clearly teaches that the data mark indicates the broadcasting time (see, (see, fig.16 [346]; [348]; [350]).
- 9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Amare Mengistu whose telephone number is (703)305-4880. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F,T-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Bipin Shalwala can be reached on (703)305-4938. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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Amare Mengisty Primary Examiner Art Unit 2673

A.M

August 23,2004